



# **CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL PROBLEMS IN POLAND AND ITALY**

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# Climate Change



Sustainable solutions  
for a better tomorrow

# What is the climate like in Italy

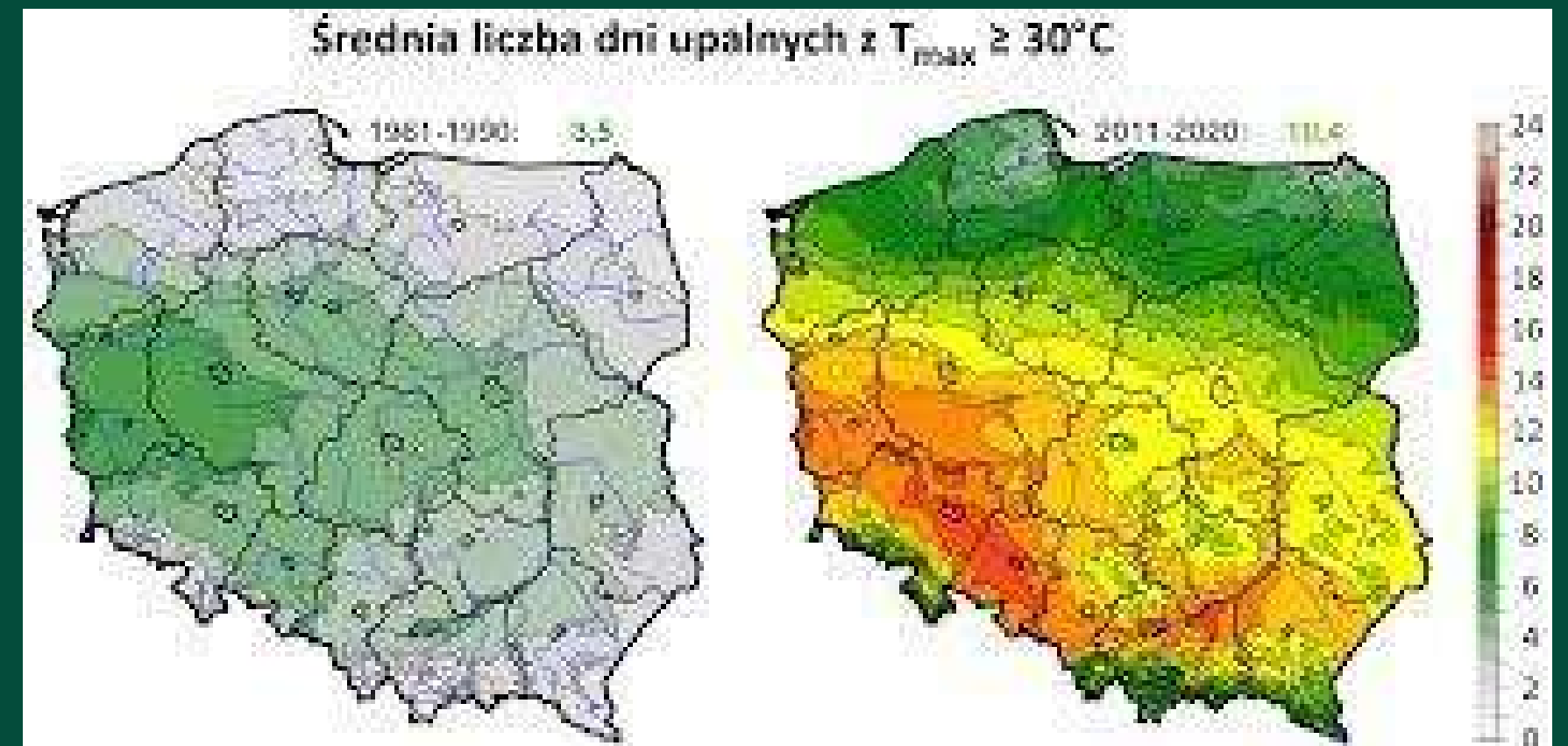


The central part of the country has a temperate climate and, thanks to high humidity, the areas are fertile. The further south, the warmer. South of Florence, the climate is subtropical, Mediterranean, with dry summers, low levels of rainfall and plenty of hours of sunshine



# Climate in Poland

Poland lies in a temperate and transitional climate. We are surrounded by other types of temperate climate - maritime in the west and continental in the east. To the north, we are bordered by a cool, temperate climate.





# Comparison of the climate in Poland and Italy

- Poland is located in Central Europe and its climate is moderate.
- Poland has four distinct seasons: spring, summer, autumn and winter.
- Winter is usually cold and snowy, especially in the eastern parts of the country. Winter temperatures can drop below zero.
- Summer in Poland is warm, but not too hot. Summer temperatures range from 20°C to 30°C.
- Poland is influenced by the ocean, which means that rainfall is distributed evenly throughout the year.

Italy is located on the Apennine Peninsula in southern Europe, which makes the climate more diverse than in Poland.

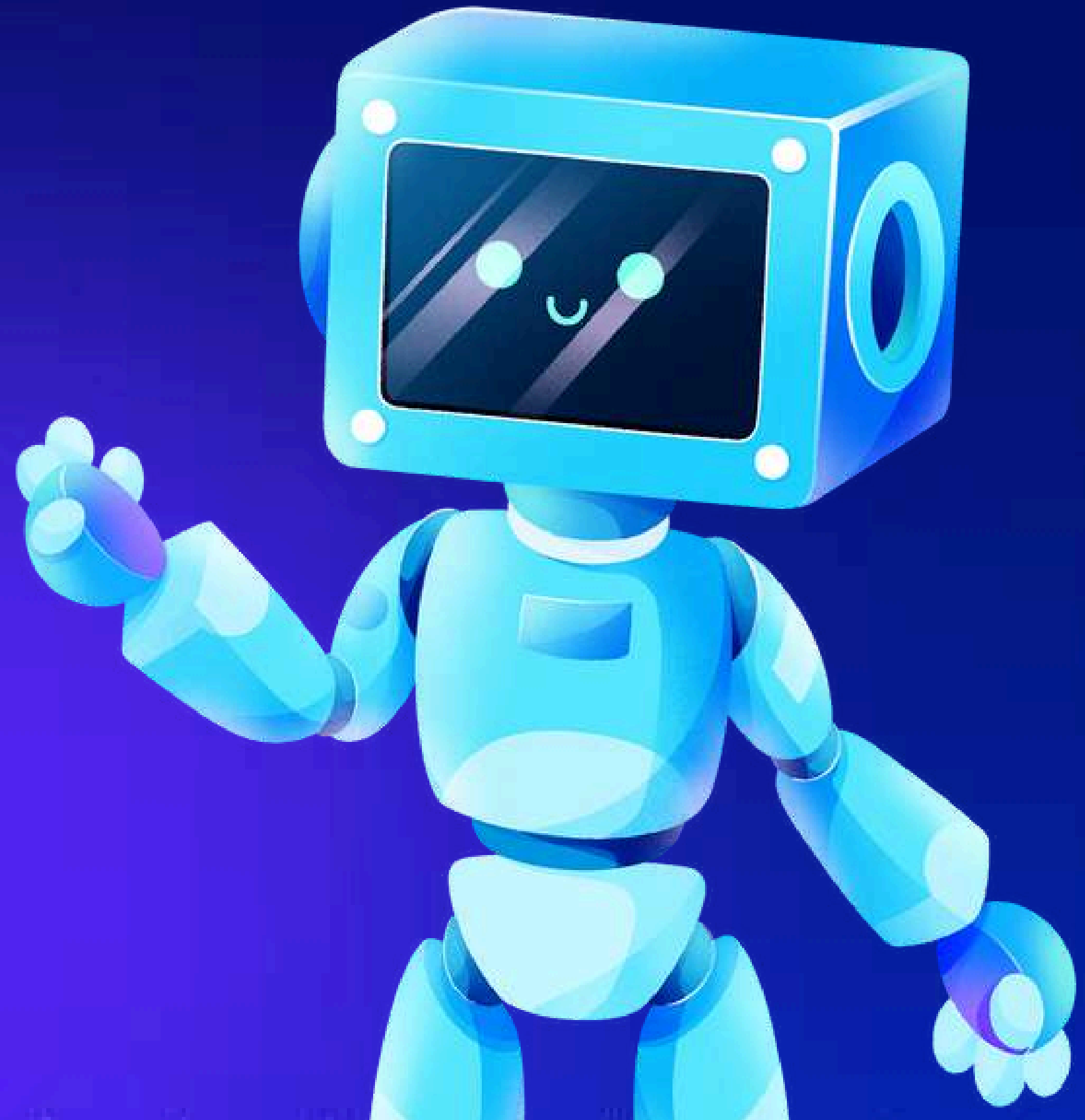
Italy has different types of climates depending on the region. For example, in the south of the country, in the region of Sicily and Calabria, the climate is Mediterranean, which means warm and dry summers and mild winters. In the north of Italy, in the Alpine region, there is an alpine climate, characterized by cool temperatures and heavy snowfall in winter. In central Italy, in the Umbria and Tuscany regions, the climate is temperate, with hot summers and mild winters.

Italy has a more predictable and drier summer than Poland.





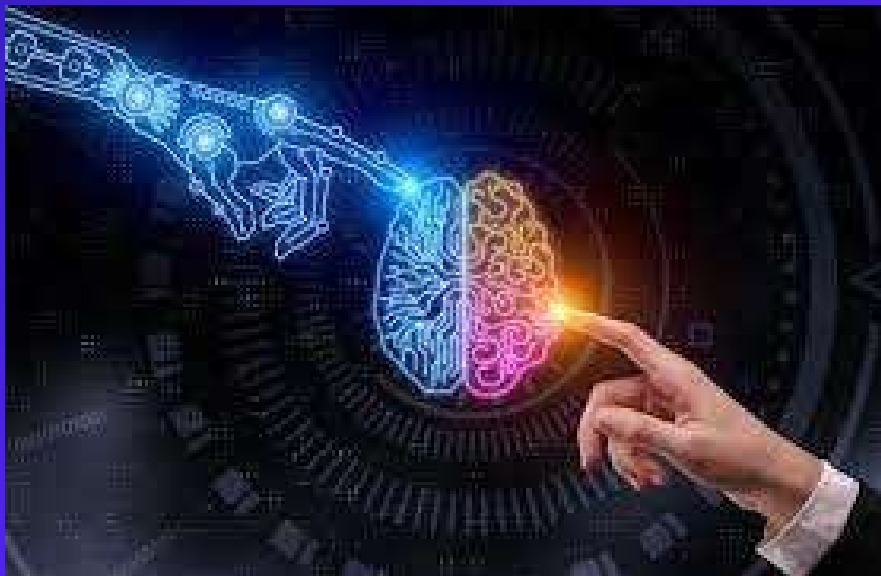
# Artificial Intelligence





# What is artificial intelligence really?

From a technical point of view, artificial intelligence is a branch of computer science that allows devices to be equipped with features that are considered typically human, such as visual, spatial and temporal perception and the ability to "make decisions". In other words, it is not only about intelligence understood as the ability to calculate or know abstract data, but primarily about those various forms of intelligence that range from spatial to social intelligence. By providing information to the system, we are able to "teach" the computer to perform actions that have previously been reserved for humans.





# In what fields is AI most commonly used in Italy?

According to the Artificial Intelligence Observatory at the School of Management of the Politecnico di Milano, the areas of AI application in Italian companies mainly concern intelligent data processing (35%), i.e. the use of algorithms capable of collecting and processing data based on the information obtained. Intelligent data processing also includes marketing automation solutions that use artificial intelligence to analyze data from online and offline sources, segmenting users in order to predict their behavior.

In second place we find a virtual assistant or chatbot (25%) and the so-called recommendation solutions (10%), including the development of personalized recommendations.

# Migration in Poland and Italy





# Migration crisis in Italy

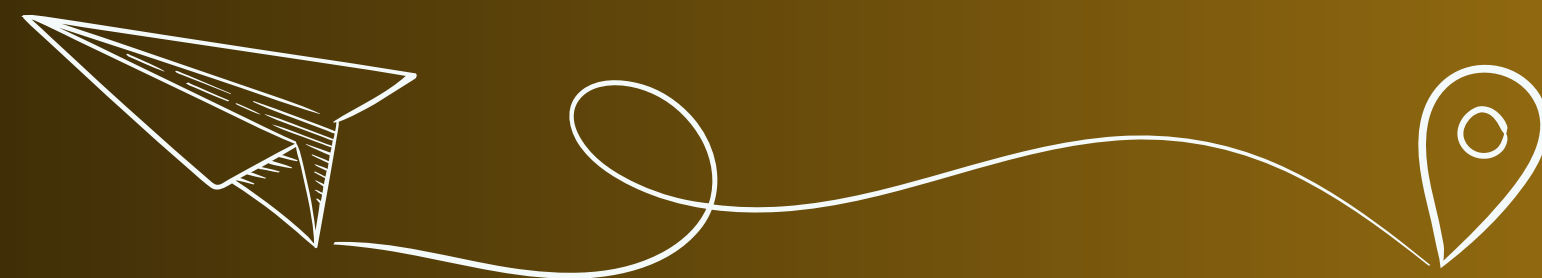
The migration crisis in Italy usually refers to a situation where Italy is an important destination for migrants who come to Europe, especially from areas of North Africa and the Middle East. Migration crises in Europe have often been the result of armed conflict, poverty, political instability and other factors driving people to leave their countries in search of better living conditions, asylum or protection.



# Migration in Poland

Since February 24, 2022, the migration situation in Poland has been dominated by the increased inflow of Ukrainian citizens. They are by far the largest group of foreigners in Poland, constituting just over 80%. People emigrate from Poland because of wages, better employment opportunities, higher standards of living and educational opportunities.

If economic conditions are not favorable and are likely to deteriorate further, more people are likely to emigrate to countries with better prospects





M<sub>3</sub>

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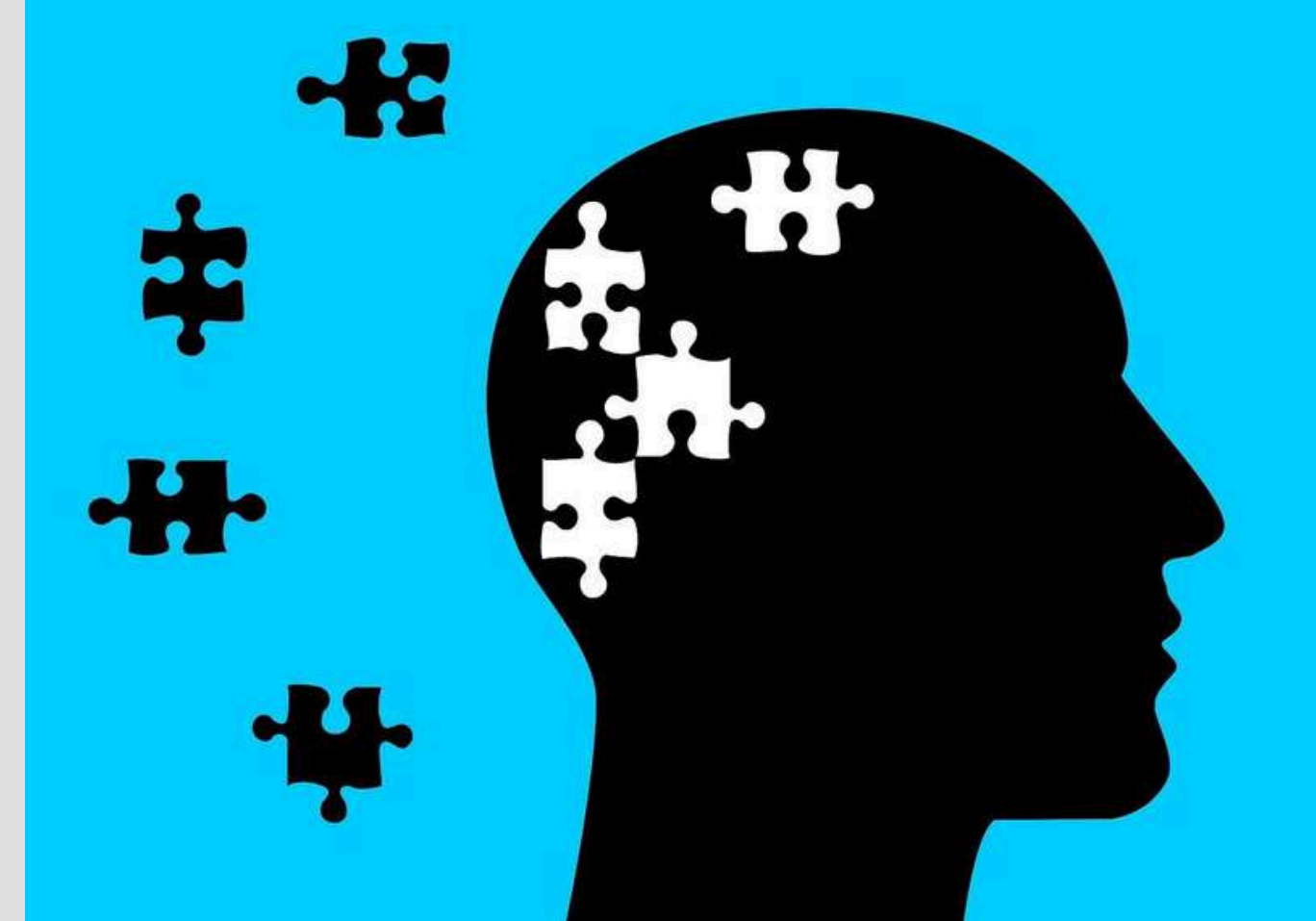
H<sub>4</sub>



# Mental health in Poland

Mental health in Poland, as in other countries, is a complex and dynamic issue. Mental health problems are common and constitute a significant challenge in Poland and around the world. In Poland, there are various factors that influence mental health, such as social, economic and cultural pressures.

The causes of mental health problems can be diverse, including stress, depression, anxiety disorders, addictions, eating disorders, and many others.





# Mental health in Italy

Mental health in Italy, as in other countries, is an important aspect of people's well-being. In Italy, there are institutions and organizations that care for mental health and provide assistance to people with mental problems.

It is worth emphasizing that in recent years there has been a growing awareness and understanding of the importance of mental health in Italy and around the world. More and more people are starting to talk openly about their mental problems and use available support services.



**THANKS FOR WATCHING**

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